

### T-1G-SM-T3-60KM

Single-Mode 100M/155M to 1.25Gbps FE/GBE/FC SC / LC Single Fiber SFP Transceiver

#### **Features**

Operating Data Rate up to 1.25Gbps 1490nm DFB TX 1550nm RX 1550nm DFB TX 1490nm RX 60km with 9/125 µm SMF

Single 3.3V Power Supply and TTL Logic Interface

Hot-Pluggable SFP Footprint Simplex SC / LC Connector Interface

Class 1 FDA and IEC60825-1 Laser Safety Compliant

Operating Temperature

Standard: 0°C~+70°C Industrial:-40°C~+85°C

Compliant with MSA SFP Specification

Digital Diagnostic Monitor Interface Compatible with SFF-8472



SDH STM-1, I-1.1 SONET OC-3 SR1 WDM Fast Ethernet Other Optical Links

#### **Description**

The T-1G-SM-T3-60KM is small form factor pluggable module for IEE 802.3ah 100BASE-BX10 and OC-3/STM-1 SONET/SDH single fiber applications by using 1490nm/1550nm transmitter and 1550nm/1490nm receiver. It is with the SFP 20-pin connector to allow hot plug capability.

The transmitter section uses a multiple quantum well A type and B type laser and is a class 1 laser compliant according to International Safety Standard IEC 60825. The receiver section uses an integrated A type/B type detector preamplifier (IDP) s detector preamplifier (IDP) mounted in an optical header and a limiting post-amplifier IC.

The T-1G-SMD-T3-60KM is designed to be compliant with SFF-8472 SFP Multi-source Agreement (MSA).





### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Feature	Standard	Performance
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) to the Electrical Pins	MIL-STD-883G Method 3015.7	Class 1C (>1000 V)
Electrostatic Discharge to the enclosure	EN 55024:1998+A1+A2 IEC-61000-4-2 GR-1089-CORE	Compliant with standards
Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)	FCC Part 15 Class B EN55022:2006 CISPR 22B :2006 VCCI Class B	Compliant with standards Noise frequency range: 30MHz to 6GHz. Good system EMI design practice required to achieve Class B margins. System margins are dependent on customer host board and chassis design.
Immunity	EN 55024:1998+A1+A2 IEC 61000-4-3	Compliant with standards.  1KHz sine-wave, 80% AM, from 80MHz to 1GHz.  No effect on transmitter/receiver performance is detectable between these limits.
Laser Eye Safety	FDA 21CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 EN (IEC) 60825-1:2007 EN (IEC) 60825-2:2004+A1	CDRH compliant and Class I laser product.  TüV Certificate No. 50135086
Component Recognition	UL and CUL EN60950-1:2006	UL File E317337 TüV Certificate No. 50135086 (CB scheme)

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Storage Temperature	TS	-40	+85	°C
Supply Voltage	vcc	-0.5	3.6	V
Operating Relative Humidity		<u>.</u>	95	%

<sup>\*</sup>Exceeding any one of these values may destroy the device immediately.



### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter			Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	
Operating Case Temperature		ТА		0		+70	°C	
		TA TA		-40		+85		
Power Supply Voltage			Vcc	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	
Power Sup	ply Current		Icc			300	mA	
Data Data	FC				1.063			
Date Rate —	GBE				1.25		Mbps	

# **Performance Specifications – Electrical**

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes	
		I. I	Tran	smitter				
LVPE Inputs(Dif		Vin	400		2000	mVpp	AC Coupled Inputs	
Input Imp (Differe		Zin	85	100	115	ohms	Rin > 100 kohms @ DC	
TV Die	Disable		2		Vcc+0.3	W		
TX_Dis	Enable		0		0.8	٧		
TV FAULT	Fault		2		Vcc+0.3			
TX_FAULT	Normal		0		0.5	V		
			Re	ceiver				
LVPECL Outputs (Differential)		Vout	400		2000	m∨pp	AC Coupled Outputs	
Output Im (Differe		Zout	85	100	115	ohms		
DV LOS	LOS		2		Vcc+0.3	V		
RX_LOS	Normal		0		0.8	٧		
MOD DE	E ( 0-2 )	VoH	2.5			٧	With Serial ID	
MOD_DEF ( 0:2 )		VoL	0		0.5	٧	with Senal ID	

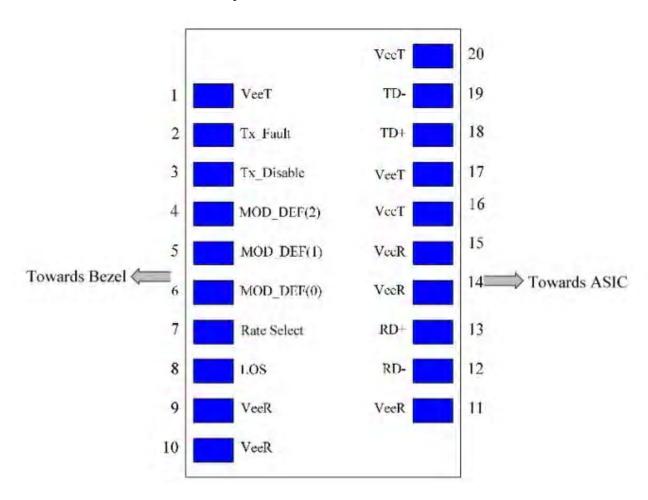


# Optical and Electrical Characteristics 1490nm DFB and PIN, 60KM

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit
9µm Core Diameter SMF	L		60		km
Data Rate		100	1250		Mbps
		Transmitte	er		
Center Wavelength	λο	1484	1490	1497	nm
Spectral Width (-20dB)	Δλ			1	nm
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB
Average Output Power	Pout	0		5	dBm
Extinction Ratio	ER	8.2			dB
Rise/Fall Time (20%~80%)	tr/tf			0.26	ns
Total Jitter	TJ			260	ps
Output Optical Eye	·	С	ompliant with IEEE	802.3z	
TX_Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	us
Pout @TX Disable Asserted	Pout			-45	dBm
		Receiver	i i		
Center Wavelength	λο	1500	1550	1580	nm
Receiver Sensitivity	Pmin			-26	dBm
Receiver Overload	Pmax	-3			dBm
LOS De-Assert	LOSD			-27	dBm
LOS Assert	LOSA	-45			dBm
LOS Hysteresis		0.5			dB



### **SFP Transceiver Electrical Pad Layout**



#### **Pin Function Definitions**

Pin Num.	Name	Name Function		Name Function Plug Seq.		Notes		
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)				
2	TX Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication	3 1)					
3	TX Disable	Transmitter Disable	3	2) Module disables on high or open				
4	MOD-DEF2	Module Definition 2	3	3) Data line for Serial ID.				
5	MOD-DEF1	Module Definition 1	3	3) Clock line for Serial ID.				
6	MOD-DEF0	Module Definition 0	3	3) Grounded within the module.				



7	Rate Select	Not Connect	3	Function not available
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	4)
9	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	6)
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	6)
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
15	VccR	Receiver Power	2	7) 3.3 ± 5%
16	VccT	Transmitter Power	2	7) 3.3 ± 5%
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	8)
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	8)
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)

### **Notes:**

- 1) TX Fault is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a  $4.7K-10K\Omega$  resistor on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.
- 2) TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a  $4.7 10 \text{ K}\Omega$  resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 - 0.8V): Transmitter on

(>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0 – 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled

Open: Transmitter Disabled

- 3) Modulation Absent, connected to VEET or VEER in the module.
- 4) LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a  $4.7K-10K\Omega$  resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to <0.8V.
- 5) VeeR and VeeT may be internally connected within the SFP module.
- 6) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100Ωdifferential lines which



should be terminated with  $100\Omega$  (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The voltage swing on these lines will be between 400 and 2000 mV differential (200 - 1000 mV single ended) when properly terminated.

- 7) VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as 3.3V ±5% at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 300mA. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Inductors with DC resistance of less than 1 ohm should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply-filtering network is used, hot plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an inrush current of no more than 30mA greater than the steady state value. VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.
- 8) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100\_ differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The inputs will accept differential swings of 400 2000mV (200 1000mV single-ended).

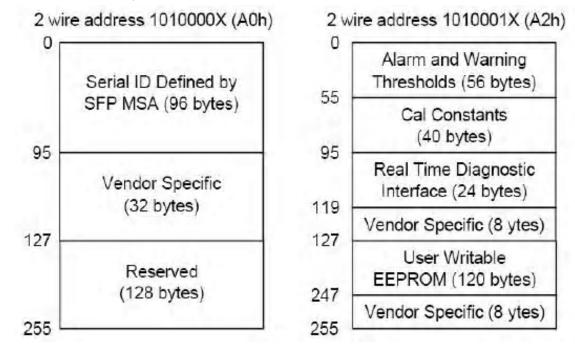
#### **EEPROM**

The serial interface uses the 2-wire serial CMOS EEPROM protocol defined for the ATMEL AT24C02/04 family of components. When the serial protocol is activated, the host generates the serial clock signal (SCL). The positive edge clocks data into those segments of the EEPROM that are not writing protected within the SFP transceiver. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

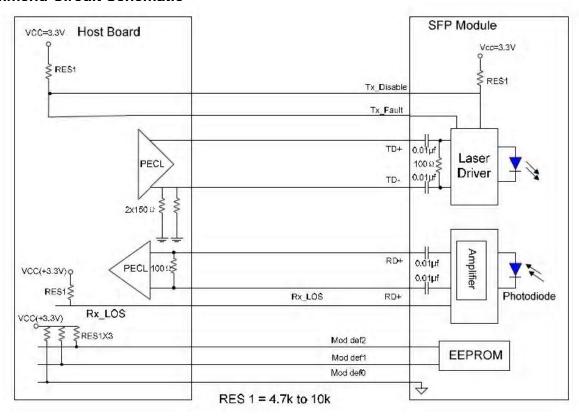
The Module provides diagnostic information about the present operating conditions. The transceiver generates this diagnostic data by digitization of internal analog signals. Calibration and alarm/warning threshold data is written during device manufacture. Received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring all are implemented. If the module is defined as external calibrated, the diagnostic data are raw A/D values and must be converted to real world units using calibration constants stored in EEPROM locations 56 – 95 at wire serial bus address A2H. The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field define as following .For detail



EEPROM information, please refer to the related document of SFF 8472 Rev 9.3.



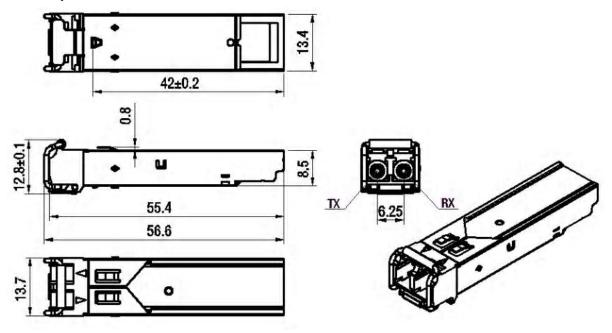
#### **Recommend Circuit Schematic**



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### **Mechanical Specifications**



### **Ordering information**

Part No.	Data Rate	Wavelength	Distance	Interface	Temperature	DDMI
T-1G-SM-T3-60KM	1.25Gbps	1490nm	60km	SC/LC	Standard	No
T-1G-SMI-T3-60KM	1.25Gbps	1490nm	60km	SC/LC	Industrial	No
T-1G-SMD-T3-60KM	1.25Gbps	1490nm	60km	SC/LC	Standard	Yes
T-1G-SMDI-T3-60KM	1.25Gbps	1490nm	60km	SC/LC	Industrial	Yes

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